

8. 下列各等式分別是依據哪一項布林法則推導出來的

- (a) $\overline{AB+CD+EF} = \overline{AB} + \overline{CD} + \overline{EF} \rightarrow \overline{A} = A$ (七)
- (b) $A\overline{A}B + A\overline{B}C + A\overline{B}B = A\overline{B}C \rightarrow A \cdot \overline{A} = 0$ (四)
- (c) $A(B+C) + AC = A(B+C) + AC \rightarrow A+A = A$ (五)
- (d) $ABC(C+\overline{C}) + AC = AB+AC \rightarrow A+\overline{A} = 1$ (六)
- (e) $A\overline{B} + A\overline{B}C = A\overline{B} \rightarrow A+\overline{A} = A$ (十)
- (f) $ABC + \overline{A}B + \overline{A}BCD = ABC + \overline{A}B + D \rightarrow A+\overline{A}B = A+B$ (十一)

9. 在下列各表示式中應用狄摩根定理

- (a) $\overline{A+B} = \overline{A}\overline{B}$
- (b) $\overline{AB} = \overline{A} + \overline{B} = A + \overline{B}$
- (c) $\overline{A+B+C} = \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}$
- (d) $\overline{ABC} = \overline{A} + \overline{B} + \overline{C}$
- (e) $\overline{A(B+C)} = \overline{A} + \overline{(B+C)} = \overline{A} + \overline{B}\overline{C}$
- (f) $\overline{A+B+C} = \overline{A} + \overline{B} + \overline{C} + \overline{D}$
- (g) $\overline{AB+CD} = \overline{AB} \cdot \overline{CD} = (\overline{A} + \overline{B})(\overline{C} + \overline{D})$

10. 在下列各表示式中應用狄摩根定理

- (a) $\overline{A\overline{B}(C+\overline{D})} = \overline{A\overline{B}} + \overline{(C+\overline{D})} = \overline{A} + B + \overline{C}\overline{D}$
- (b) $\overline{ABC(CD+EF)} = \overline{ABC} + \overline{(CD+EF)} = \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C} + \overline{CD} \cdot \overline{EF}$
 $= \overline{A}\overline{B} + (\overline{C} + \overline{D})(\overline{E} + \overline{F}) = \overline{A}\overline{B} + \overline{C} + \overline{D} + \overline{E} + \overline{F}$
- (c) $\overline{(A+\overline{B}+C+\overline{D}) + ABC\overline{D}} = \overline{A\overline{B}C\overline{D}} + \overline{A+\overline{B}+C+\overline{D}}$
 $= \overline{A}\overline{B} + \overline{C} + \overline{D}$
- (d) $\overline{\overline{(A+B+(C+D))} (A\overline{B}C\overline{D})} = \overline{(A+B+(C+D))} + \overline{(A\overline{B}C\overline{D})}$

38. 利用卡諾圖找出各表示式的最小 SOP 形式

- (a) $\overline{A}\overline{B}C + A\overline{B}C + A\overline{B}C = \overline{A}\overline{B} + \overline{B}C$
- (b) $ACC\overline{B} + C = AC\overline{B} + AC = AC$
- (c) $\overline{A}(BC + B\overline{C}) + A(B\overline{C} + BC) = \overline{A}B + AB = B$
- (d) $\overline{A}\overline{B}C + A\overline{B}C + \overline{A}B\overline{C} + A\overline{B}C = \overline{B}C + A\overline{C} + B\overline{C} + \overline{A}\overline{C}$
 $= \overline{C}$

39. 利用卡諾圖將下列各表示式化簡成最小 SOP 形式

- (a) $\overline{A}\overline{B}C + \overline{A}BC + A\overline{B}C + A\overline{B}C$

	bc	01	11	10
A	0	1	1	1
1		1		1
- (b) $AC[\overline{B} + B(C+\overline{C})] = AC\overline{B} + AC(B) = AC$

	bc	01	11	10
A	0			
1				

- (c) $DEF + \overline{D}EF + B\overline{E}\overline{F} = \overline{D}F + E\overline{F}$

	EF	00	01	11	10
D	0	D			
1					D

42. 利用卡諾圖將下列各表示式化簡成最小 SOP 形式

- (a) $A + B\overline{C} + CD$

	CD	00	01	11	10
AB	00				
01					
11					
10					
- (b) $\overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + A\overline{B}C\overline{D} + A\overline{B}C\overline{D} = \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C} + A\overline{B}C$

	CD	00	01	11	10
AB	00			3	2
01		4	5	7	6
11					
10					

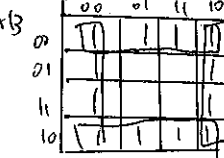
- (c) $\overline{A}\overline{B}(C\overline{D} + C\overline{D}) + A\overline{B}(C\overline{D} + C\overline{D}) + A\overline{B}C\overline{D}$
 $= \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + A\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + A\overline{B}C\overline{D}$
 $+ A\overline{B}C\overline{D}$
 $= \overline{B}\overline{C} + A\overline{C}\overline{D}$

	CD	00	01	11	10
AB	00			3	2
01		4	5	7	6
11				11	10
10					

- (d) $(\overline{A}\overline{B} + A\overline{B})(C\overline{D} + C\overline{D}) =$
 $\overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + A\overline{B}C\overline{D} + A\overline{B}C\overline{D}$
 $= \overline{B}C$

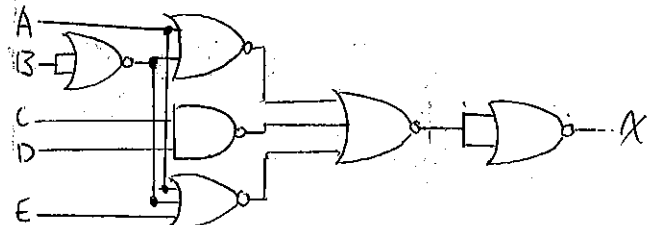
	CD	00	01	11	10
00			1	3	2
01		4	5	7	6
11					
10					

- (e) $\overline{A}\overline{B} + A\overline{B} + C\overline{D} + C\overline{D} = \overline{B} + \overline{D}$

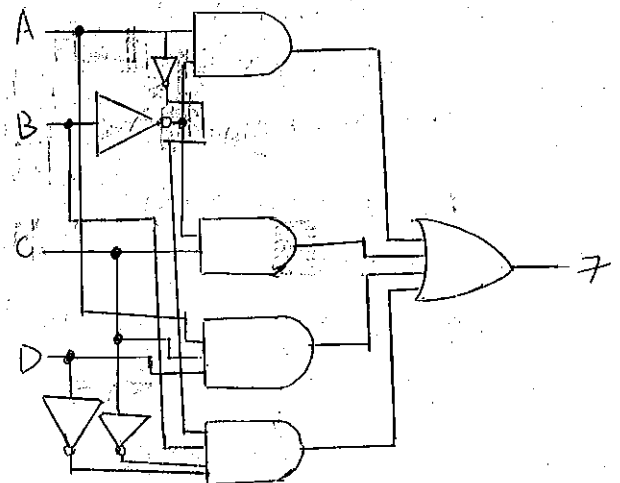
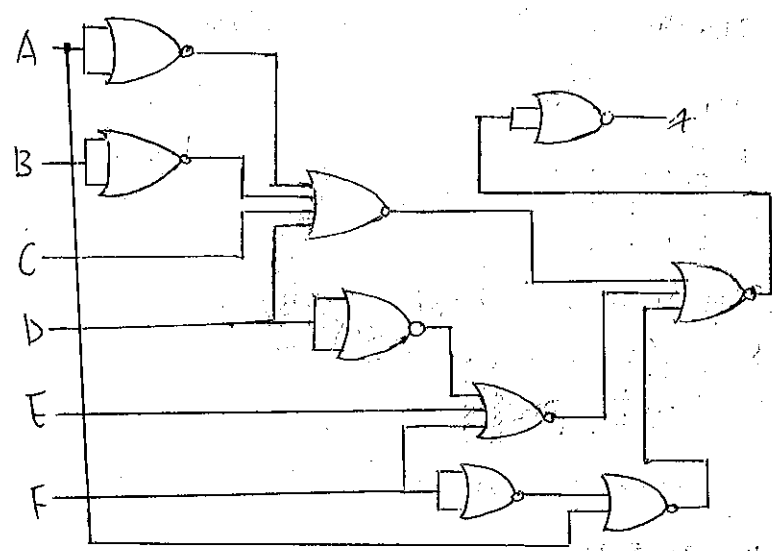


10. 使用 NAND 閘、NOR 閘，或兩者的組合來實現下列邏輯表示式

(a) $X = \overline{A}B + CD + (\overline{A} + B)(ACD + BE) = \overline{A}B + CD + (\overline{A}B)(ACD + BE)$
 $= \overline{A}B + CD + \overline{A}B\overline{E} = \overline{A} + B + (CD + \overline{A}B)\overline{E}$

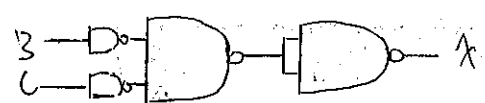


(b) $X = ABC\bar{D} + D\bar{E}F + A\bar{F} = \overline{A+B+CD} + \overline{D+E+F} + \overline{A+F}$



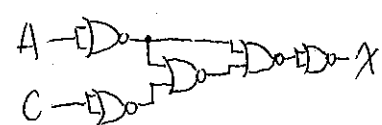
19. 只用 NAND 閘, 實現出圖 5-42 的邏輯電路

$\overline{AB+B+C+D} = \overline{AB} \cdot \overline{B+C+D} = \overline{AB} \cdot \overline{B+C} = \overline{AB} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} = \overline{B+C} = \overline{B+C}$

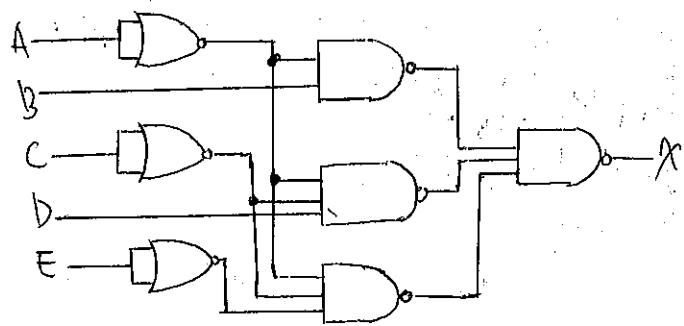


20. 只用 NOR 閘, 重做問題 18

(a) $\overline{A+AB+AC} = \overline{A+AC} = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{A+C} = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{A} \cdot \overline{C} = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{C}$



(c) $X = \overline{A[B+\bar{C}(D+E)]} = \overline{A(B+\bar{C}D+\bar{C}E)} = \overline{AB+\bar{A}\bar{C}D+\bar{A}\bar{C}E}$

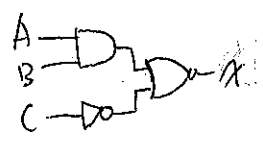


11. 根據表 5-6 的真值表來實現其邏輯電路

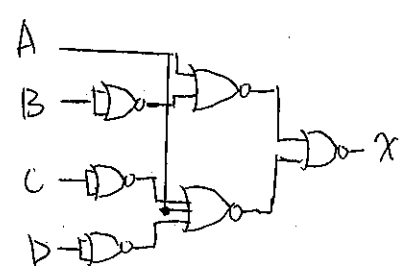
輸入端			輸出端
A	B	C	X
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

CD		AB			
C	D	00	01	11	10
0	0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	0	1	0	0

$\bar{C} + AB$

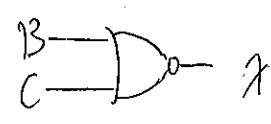


(b) $\overline{AB+B+ACD+D\bar{B}\bar{D}} = \overline{AB} \cdot \overline{B+C} = \overline{A+B} \cdot \overline{A+C}$



21. 只用 NOR 閘, 重做問題 19

$\overline{AB+B+C+D} = \overline{AB} \cdot \overline{B+C} = \overline{AB} \cdot \overline{B+C} = \overline{B+C} = \overline{B+C}$



12. 依據表 5-7 的真值表, 將邏輯電路實現出來

輸入端				輸出端
A	B	C	D	X
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	1
1	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	1

CD		AB			
C	D	00	01	11	10
0	0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	1	0	1
1	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0

$\overline{AB} + \overline{BC} + ACD + \overline{A}B\bar{C}\bar{D}$